## COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

## Course name

Programming of network devices in Java and C\#

## Course

Field of study
Electronics and telecommunication
Area of study (specialization)
Computer networks and Internet technologies
Level of study
First-cycle studies
Form of study
full-time

## Year/Semester

## 3/6

Profile of study
general academic
Course offered in
Polish
Requirements
elective

## Number of hours

Lecture
15
Tutorials

Laboratory classes
15
Projects/seminars

Number of credit points
3
Lecturers
Responsible for the course/lecturer:
Responsible for the course/lecturer:
dr hab. inż. Mariusz Żal,
mariusz.zal@put.poznan.pl

## Prerequisites

Students have a basic knowledge of computer networks and network protocols; Has a basic knowledge of C++, C\#, and Java programming. Students are able to find information in literature, as well as other reference sources; is able to integrate and interpret obtained information, draws conclusions and justifies. Student understands a necessity to acquire a new knowledge and skills stemming from a chosen field of studies.

## Course objective

To provide students with data exchanges mechanisms in compute networks and network sockets implementation in C\# and Java. To create skills necessary to implement in Java or C\# simple network applications based on TCP and UDP protocols. To prepare students programming database applications.

## Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge

1. Students knows the rules of designing computer programs, has a basic knowledge of computer science and knows the syntax of the C\# and Java programming language.
2. Student has a systematic and well-founded knowledge of computer architectures.

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3. Student has basic knowledge of standards, architecture, network protocols and operation of computer networks.
4. Student has a systematic and well-founded knowledge of network, transport, and application layer protocols.

Skills

1. Students are able to prepare network applications.
2. Students can select transport layer protocol and application layers protocol, depending on requirements.
3. Students can design and create multithreaded software .
4. Is able to use bibliography in English (books, scientific and technical journals, application notes, catalogs, instructions, recommendations etc.).

## Social competences

1. Demonstrates responsibility for designed software. Is aware of the hazards they pose for individuals and communities if they are improperly designed.
2. A student is able to formulate opinions concerning challenges of contemporary networks application programming.
3. A student is aware of the impact of network application on the information society.

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria
Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:
Learning outcomes are verified with a written or oral test. Test in written form consists 7-10 question (multichoice and open), which are scored in different ways (there are three or four groups of scores). Test in oral form contains 50-60 open questions divided into three or four score groups. Students draw one question from each group. In the oral form, for each question teacher can ask one additional question. Both, main and additional questions are scored, taking into account content range and understanding the issue. Minimum number of scores to pass the exam is equal to $50 \%$.

Knowledge and skills gathered during laboratory classesare assessed by project realized on the last classes. The project contains 5-6 tasks which are scored in different ways. Each task can be realized independently. Minimum number of scores to pass the exam is equal to $50 \%$.

The assessment levels (lecture and tutorials) are the following:

Number of scores mark
<=50 \% 2,0
51\%-60\% 3,0
61\%-70\% 3,5
71\%-80\% 4,0
81\%-90\% 4,5
91\%-100\% 5,0
Programme content

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## Lectures:

1. Network application architecture, layer 3 and 4 OSI RM
2. Addressing in layer 3 and 4, network sockets
3. Synchronous and asynchronous application, multithreading application
4. TCP layer application: FTP and TFTP
5. Applets
6. Servlets
7. Application layer mechanisms and protocols
8. Database application
9. Widows forms and database bindings
10. Multicast applications

Laboratory classes:

1. Simple synchronous network applications
2. Asynchronous network applications
3. Multithreading network applications
4. Database applications
5. Application layer: HTTP protocol
6. FTP I TFTP servers and clients
7. Java servlets

## Teaching methods

1. Lectures:
a) multimedia presentations illustrated with examples presented on the board.
b) practical case study of selected events in database management systems or Java and C\# programming languages runtime environment.
2. Laboratory classes : solving problems given by the teacher (practical case study with database management systems and Java and C\# programming languages runtime environment) complemented with multimedia presentations.

Bibliography

## Basic

1. Orłowski S., Grabek M., C\# : tworzenie aplikacji sieciowych : gotowe projekty, Helion 2012
2. Hmrajani A., Bucka E., Java : tworzenie aplikacji sieciowych za pomocą Springa, Hibernate i Eclipse, Helion 2012
3. Reese G.. Java : aplikacje bazodanowe : najlepsze rozwiązania, Helion 2003.

## Additional

1. Richard Blum, C\# Network Programming, Sybex 2003
2. Anthony Potts, David H. Friedel Jr, Java programming language handbook, Coriolis Group Inc. 1996

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Breakdown of average student's workload

|  | Hours | ECTS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total workload | 75 | 3,0 |
| Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher | 31 | 2,0 |
| Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for <br> laboratory classes/tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project <br> preparation) |  |  |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ delete or add other activities as appropriate

